

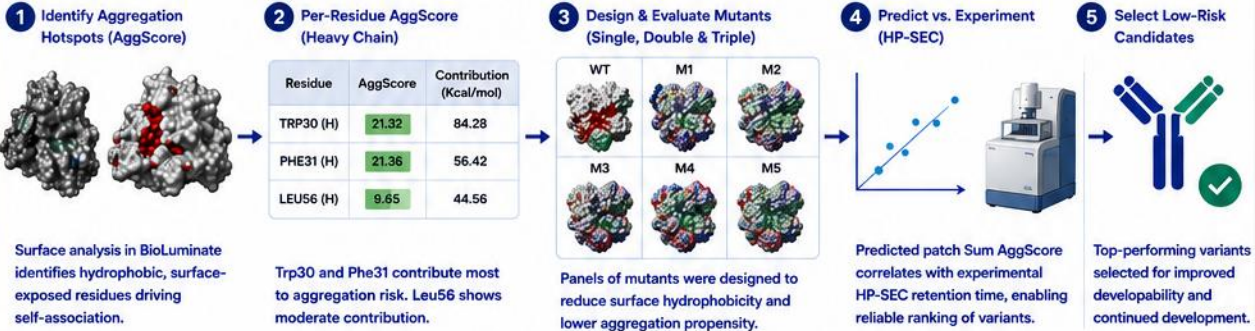
CASE STUDY

From Aggregation Hotspot Prediction to Risk Mitigation: Improving MEDI-1912 Developability

Using Schrödinger's BioLuminate to identify aggregation hotspots, engineer low-risk mutants, and improve developability.

COMPUTATIONAL PLATFORM

END-TO-END AGGREGATION RISK MITIGATION WORKFLOW WITH SCHRÖDINGER'S BIOLUMINATE



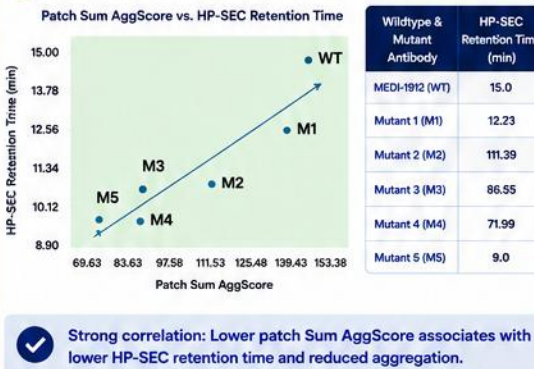
THE CHALLENGE

MEDI-1912 is a human monoclonal antibody (mAb) targeting nerve growth factor (NGF). Despite excellent NGF affinity, it shows a tendency for self-association and abnormal SEC behavior due to hydrophobic, surface-exposed residues in its heavy chain.



Addressing aggregation hotspots is essential to improve yield, reliability, safety and clinical suitability.

RESULTS: PREDICTION CORRELATES WITH EXPERIMENT



KEY OUTCOMES

- Reduced Aggregation Risk**
Mutant 5 (M5) shows ~40% reduction in retention time vs WT.
- Improved Developability**
Lower aggregation propensity translates to better manufacturability, stability and PK profile.
- Data-Driven Decisions**
Computational insights guide which mutations to prioritize before entering the lab.
- Accelerated Development**
Faster, more predictive workflow reduces experimental cycles and timelines.
- Therapeutic Advantage**
Enables a safer, more robust antibody therapeutic with higher clinical potential.

OUR APPROACH WITH BIOLUMINATE

- Surface Analysis & AggScore**
 - Used BioLuminate Protein Surface Analysis and per-residue AggScore to identify aggregation hotspots.
- Mutant Design**
 - Designed single, double and triple mutants at key hotspot positions (Trp30, Phe31, Leu56).
- Patch Sum AggScore Calculation**
 - Computed patch Sum AggScore for each variant to quantify overall aggregation risk.
- Experimental Validation**
 - Compared predicted scores with HP-SEC retention time to assess real-world impact.
- Rank & Prioritize**
 - Ranked variants to identify best-balance designs for developability improvement.



KEY INSIGHTS

- Hydrophobic hotspots drive aggregation**
Trp30 and Phe31 are dominant contributors to self-association.
- Computational prediction is reliable**
Patch Sum AggScore strongly correlates with HP-SEC retention time, enabling accurate risk ranking.
- Multi-site engineering is most effective**
Combinations of mutations reduce aggregation risk more than single-site changes.
- Structure-guided design reduces risk**
BioLuminate enables rational optimization while preserving structural integrity and affinity.
- Better developability, lower risk**
Engineered mutants show improved stability and reduced aggregation propensity.

IMPACT

- Reduced Aggregation Risk**
Mutant 5 (M5) shows ~40% reduction in retention time vs WT.
- Improved Developability**
Lower aggregation propensity translates to better manufacturability, stability and PK profile.
- Data-Driven Decisions**
Computational insights guide which mutations to prioritize before entering the lab.
- Accelerated Development**
Faster, more predictive workflow reduces experimental cycles and timelines.
- Therapeutic Advantage**
Enables a safer, more robust antibody therapeutic with higher clinical potential.

CONCLUSION

Using Schrödinger's BioLuminate, we established an integrated, structure-based workflow that accurately identifies aggregation hotspots, guides rational engineering, and delivers variants with significantly improved developability—transforming MEDI-1912 into a more robust therapeutic candidate.



CONTACT US

✉ chandrak@precisionbio.com
✉ Rajeevb@precisionbio.com
🌐 www.precisionbio.com